

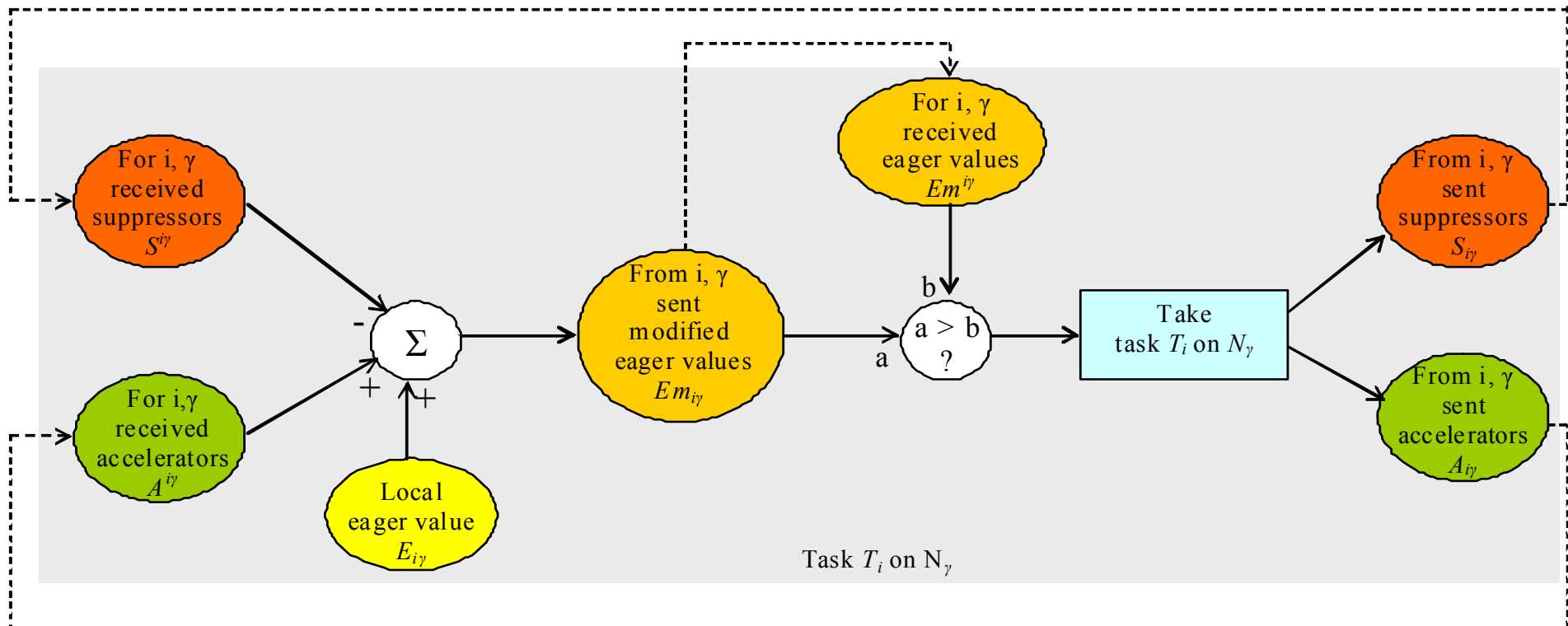
The „Artificial Hormone System“ Organic Middleware

Alexander von Renteln, Uwe Brinkschulte

An artificial hormone system for task mapping in heterogeneous, distributed, embedded systems

- ▶ Hormones are simulated with short messages ([artificial hormones](#))
- ▶ Artificial hormones are distributed locally in the neighborhood ([local multicast](#)) or in the whole system ([broadcast](#))
- ▶ Local reaction of the processing elements ([artificial cells](#)) to the artificial hormones
- ▶ The reaction of the artificial cell to an artificial hormone depends solely on the artificial cell itself
- ▶ [Antagonists](#) of the artificial hormones allow closed feedback

Principle of closed feedback, antagonists



Notation: $H^{i\gamma}$ Hormone for task T_i on node N_γ

$H_{i\gamma}$: Hormone for task T_i on node N_γ , latin letter for task indices, greek letter for node indices

Properties of the AHS

- **self-organizing**

There is no outside organization instance which controls the task mapping. The task mapping takes place solely by the interaction of the single nodes.

- **self-configuring**

The system determines a start configuration based on the skills (e.g. computation power, memory, ...) as well as the condition (e.g. Operating temperature, energy supply, ...) of the heterogeneous nodes.

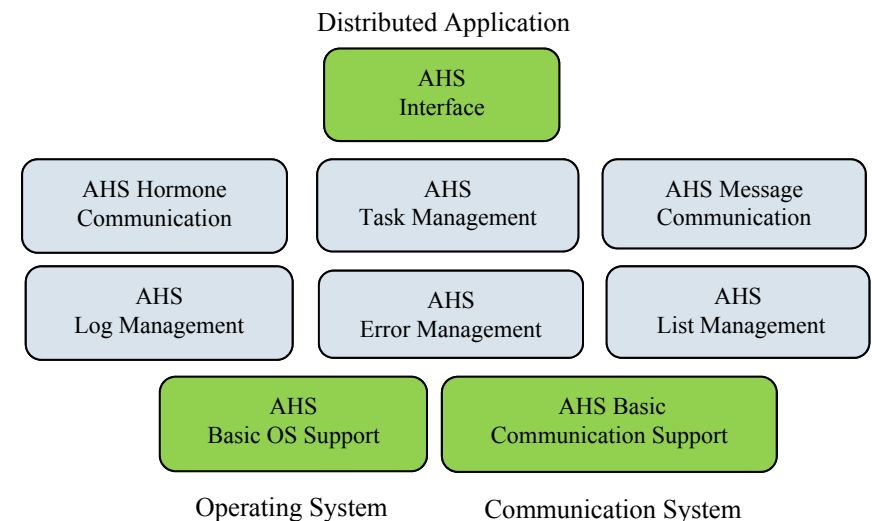
- **self-optimizing**

The mapping will automatically adjust to changing conditions and status of the nodes (e.g. decreasing energy, increasing temperature).

- **self-healing**

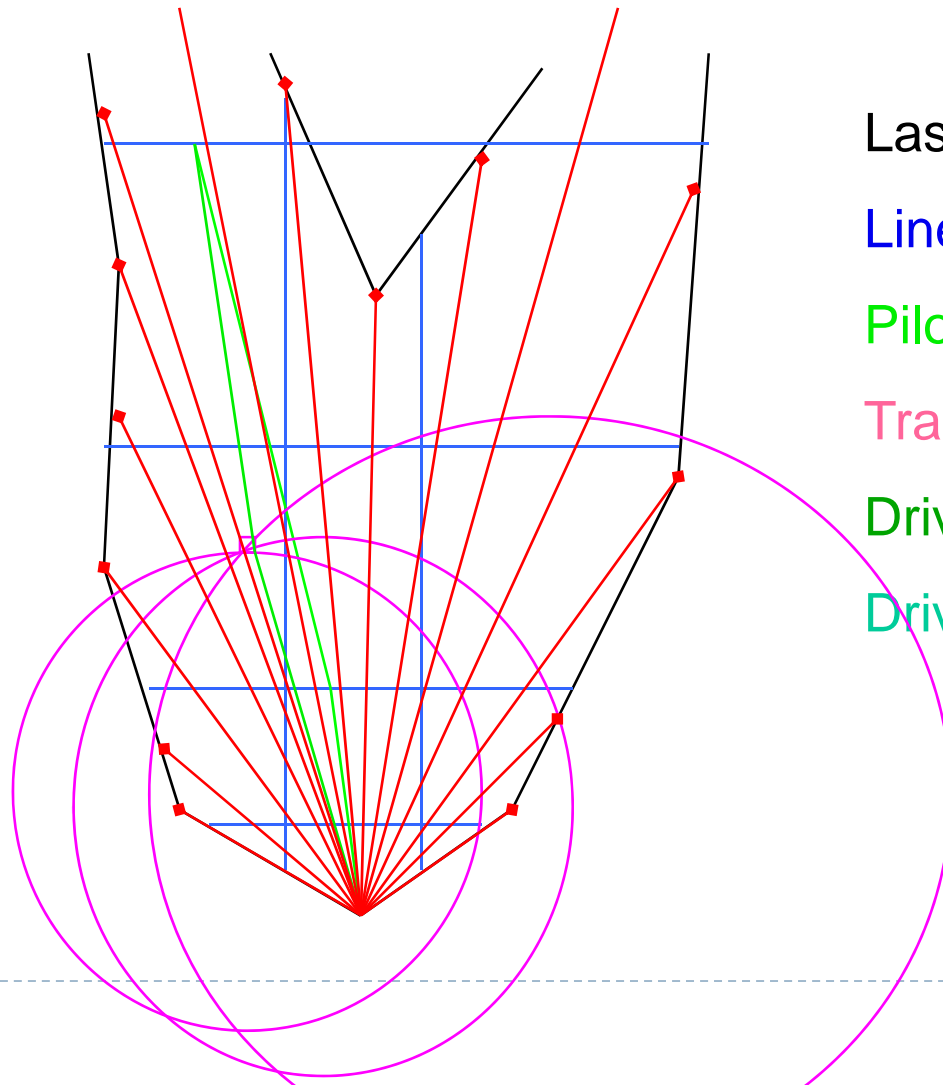
As there is no central instance and the system is able to self-optimize, the system is automatically able to replace a malfunctioning task or node by remapping.

- ▶ Pure ANSI C for deployment in environments from small μ Cs to large PCs
- ▶ 7729 Total Physical Source Lines of Code (SLOC)
- ▶ Simple exchange of underlying OS due to the "AHS Basic OS Support" abstraction layer
- ▶ Network protocol easily interchangeable due to "AHS Basic Communication Support" interface



Navigation with laser scanner and transponder

Transponder Receiver
Laser Scanner



Laser Corridor Task

Line Segment Task

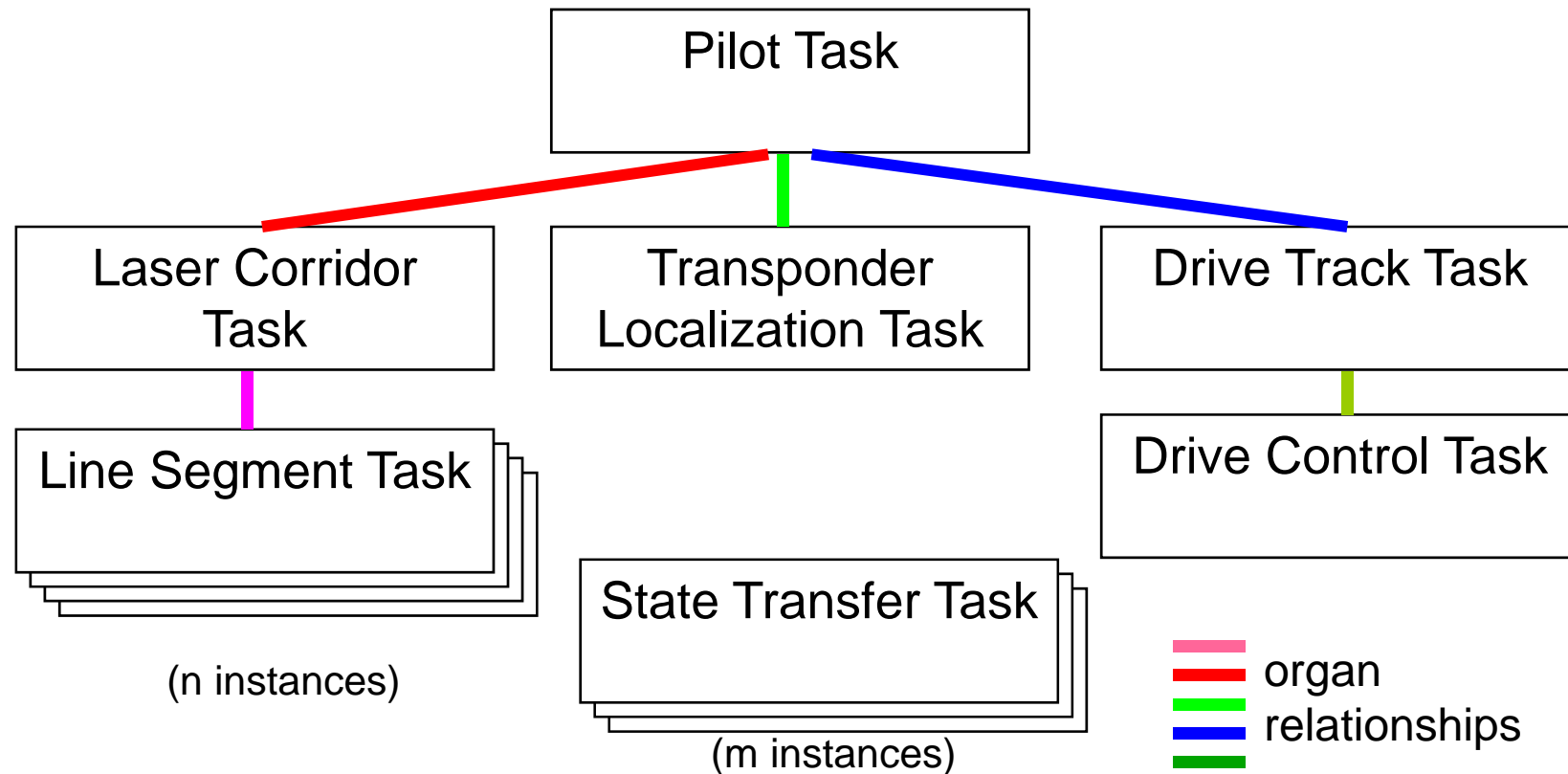
Pilot Task

Transponder Localization Task

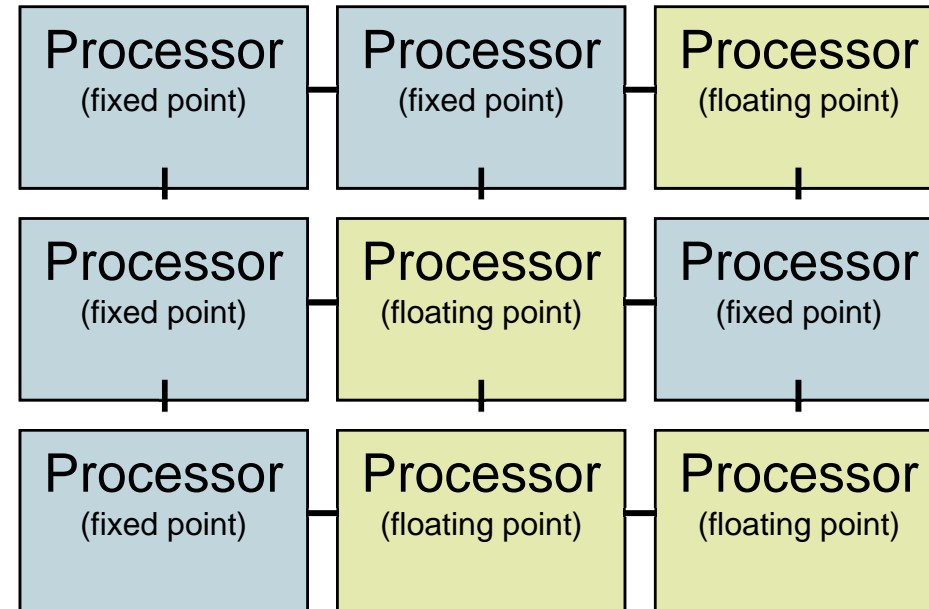
Drive Track Task

Drive Control Task

Structure of tasks:



Structure of processors:



Self-Configuration: automatic adaptation of the structure of the processors

Self-Optimization: Consideration of properties, temperatures, ...

Self-Healing: automatic compensation of break-downs

Self-Organization: no external control instance

live demo